

Zderivujte následující funkce. Nadto určete jejich definiční obor i definiční obor jejich derivací. Pokud je to možné, derivace zjednodušte.

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| (i) $\sqrt{x^3 + 1}$ | (xii) $\ln \frac{1 - e^{-2x}}{1 + e^{-2x}}$ |
| (ii) $x^2 e^x \cos x$ | (xiii) $2x\sqrt{x - 4x^2}$ |
| (iii) $\arccos \frac{2x - 1}{\sqrt{3}}$ | (xiv) $2x - (1 - x^2) \ln \frac{1 + x}{1 - x}$ |
| (iv) $\ln \ln \sin x$ | (xv) $\sqrt{x - x^2} + (2x - 1) \arcsin \sqrt{x} + \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{5}$ |
| (v) $(x^2 + 1)^{\cos(\pi x)}$ | (xvi) $\ln x $ |
| (vi) $\arcsin \sqrt{\frac{1 - x}{1 + x}}$ | (xvii) $\sqrt{x^4 - 1} + \sqrt{2}$ |
| (vii) $\ln^2 x$ | (xviii) $\sqrt[4]{\sin(4x)}$ |
| (viii) $\ln x^2$ | (xix) $\frac{1}{\log x}$ |
| (ix) $\ln(2x)$ | (xx) $\operatorname{arccotg} \frac{2x}{x^2 - 1}$ |
| (x) $(2 + 3x^2)^5$ | |
| (xi) $\frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x} - \frac{\sin 3}{\sin 4}$ | |

Výsledky (f' , $\mathcal{D}(f)$, $\mathcal{D}(f')$)

- (i) $\frac{3x^2}{2\sqrt{x^3 + 1}}$, $[-1, +\infty)$, $(-1, +\infty)$; (ii) $e^x(2x \cos x + x^2 \cos x - x^2 \sin x)$, \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{R} ;
- (iii) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{1 + 2x - 2x^2}}$, $\left[\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{2}\right]$, $\left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$; (iv) $\mathcal{D}(f) = \emptyset$;
- (v) $(x^2 + 1)^{\cos(\pi x)} \left(-\pi \sin(\pi x) \ln(x^2 + 1) + \cos(\pi x) \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}\right)$, \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{R} ;
- (vi) $-\frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt{2x(1-x)}}$, $[0, 1]$, $(0, 1)$; (vii) $2\frac{\ln x}{x}$, $(0, +\infty)$, $(0, +\infty)$;
- (viii) $\frac{2}{x}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$; (ix) $\frac{1}{x}$, $(0, +\infty)$, $(0, +\infty)$; (x) $30x(2 + 3x^2)^4$, \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{R} ;
- (xi) $\frac{1}{1 + \cos x}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{(2k+1)\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{(2k+1)\pi, k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$; (xii) $\frac{4e^{2x}}{e^{4x} - 1}$, $(0, +\infty)$, $(0, +\infty)$;
- (xiii) $\frac{x(3 - 16x)}{\sqrt{x(1 - 4x)}}$, $[0, 1/4]$, $(0, 1/4)$; (xiv) $2x \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x}$, $(-1, 1)$, $(-1, 1)$;
- (xv) $2 \arcsin \sqrt{x}$, $[0, 1]$, $(0, 1)$; (xvi) $\frac{1}{x}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$; (xvii) $2\frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^4 - 1}}$,
 $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$, $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$; (xviii) $\frac{\cos(4x)}{\sqrt[4]{\sin^3(4x)}}$,
- $\left\{ \left[k\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2} \right], k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$, $\left\{ \left(k\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4} + k\frac{\pi}{2} \right), k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$; (xix) $-\frac{1}{x \log^2 x \ln 10}$,
- $(0, +\infty) \setminus \{1\}$, $(0, +\infty) \setminus \{1\}$; (xx) $\frac{2}{1 + x^2}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{\pm 1\}$, $\mathbb{R} \setminus \{\pm 1\}$