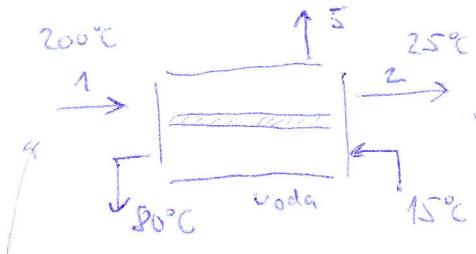


7-9



1200 kg/h směs etylen/vodní pára
(200 kg/h vodní pára)

$$\dot{m}_{A2} = 1200 \text{ kg/h}$$

$$w_A = \frac{200}{1200} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ vodní pára}$$

$\dot{m}_A \dot{m}_V$

$$\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2 + \dot{m}_5$$

$$(1-w_{A1}) \cdot \dot{m}_1 = (1-w_{A2}) \cdot \dot{m}_2$$

$$1200 = \dot{m}_2 + \dot{m}_5$$

$$(1 - \frac{1}{6}) 1200 = (1 - 0,02093) \cdot \dot{m}_2$$

$$\dot{m}_2 = 1020,9 \text{ kg}$$

$$\dot{m}_5 = 179,1 \text{ kg}$$

$$h(\text{etylén}, 200^\circ\text{C}) = 1222 \cdot (200 - 25) \\ = 329,35 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h(\text{para}, 25^\circ\text{C}) = 2442,1 + 1,506 \cdot (200 - 25) \\ = 2775,7 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tabulk} & 2732,5 - 104,75 \\ & = 2688 \end{aligned}$$



$$p = 1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

ochlazací plyn výdej vodní páry

$$M_A = 18 \text{ kg/kmol (voda)}$$

$$M_B = 28 \text{ kg/kmol (ethylén)}$$

plyn výdej vodní páry

+ kondenzace
↓ mal zdroj

$$p \cdot y = p^\circ (25^\circ\text{C})$$

$$\uparrow 3143 \text{ Pa}$$

$$y = \frac{3143}{1 \cdot 10^5} = 0,03143 \text{ mol/mol}$$

$$w = \frac{y \cdot M_A}{y \cdot M_A + (1-y) M_B} = \frac{0,03143 \cdot 18}{0,03143 \cdot 18 + 0,9686 \cdot 28}$$

$$w = 0,02093 \text{ kg/kg}$$

Ref. stav

etylén - plyn

voda - kapalina

$$t_{ref} = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$h_1 = \frac{1}{6} h(\text{pára}, 200^\circ\text{C}) + \frac{5}{6} h(\text{etylén}, 200^\circ\text{C})$$

$$h_2 = 0,02093 \cdot h(\text{pára}, 25^\circ\text{C}) + (1 - \dots) \cdot h(\text{etylén}, 25^\circ\text{C})$$

$$h_3 = h(\text{voda}, 15^\circ\text{C})$$

$$h_4 = h_3 + \int_{15}^{20} c_p dt = h_3 + 271,7 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

723,5

$$h_1 = 737,1 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_2 = 49,89 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_4 = h_3 + 271,7 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$h_5 = 0$$

$$m_1 h_1 + m_3 h_3 = m_2 h_2 + m_4 h_4$$

$$m_1 h_1 - m_2 h_2 - m_5 h_5 = m_3 (h_4 - h_3)$$

$$1200 \cdot 737,1 - 1020,9 \cdot 49,89 - 0 \\ = m_3 (271,7)$$

$$\boxed{m_3 = 3,068 \text{ fun}}$$