

# Regulace enzymových aktivit

## **Regulace enzymových aktivit:**

Změny množství enzymu v kompartmentu, buňce, orgánu:

- změna exprese, degradace atd.
- změna lokalizace

„Skutečné“ regulace:

- aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy
- aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárními interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace
- limitovaná proteolýza
- kovalentní modifikace
- regulace fyzikálními podmínkami

## Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

Běžné buněčné nízkomolekulární regulátory:

cAMP, cGMP, diacylglycerol,  $IP_3$

$Ca^{2+}$

prostaglandiny,

NO, CO,  $H_2S$

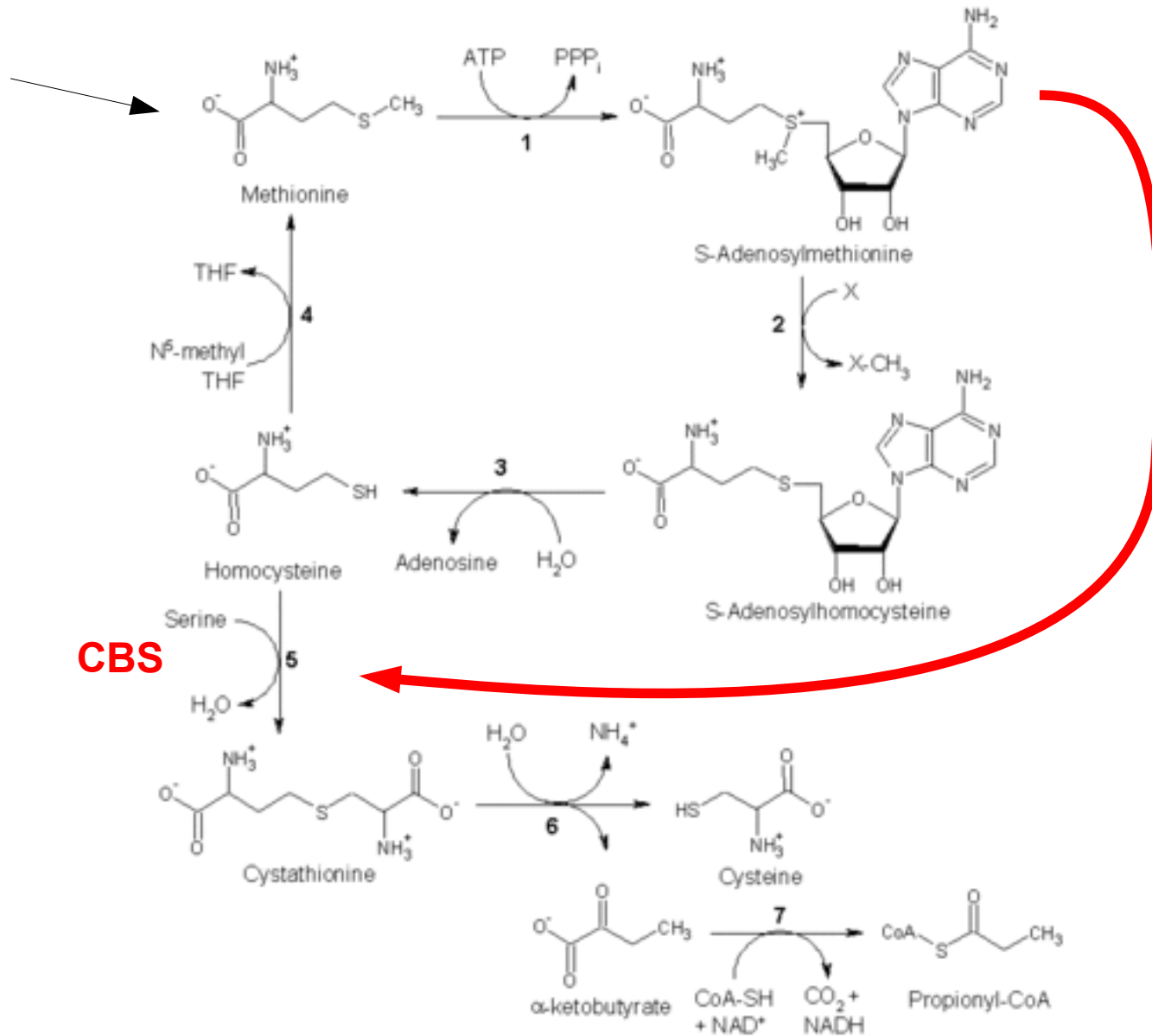
ethylen, ppGpp

ATP, GTP, AMP, ADP

metabolity

# Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

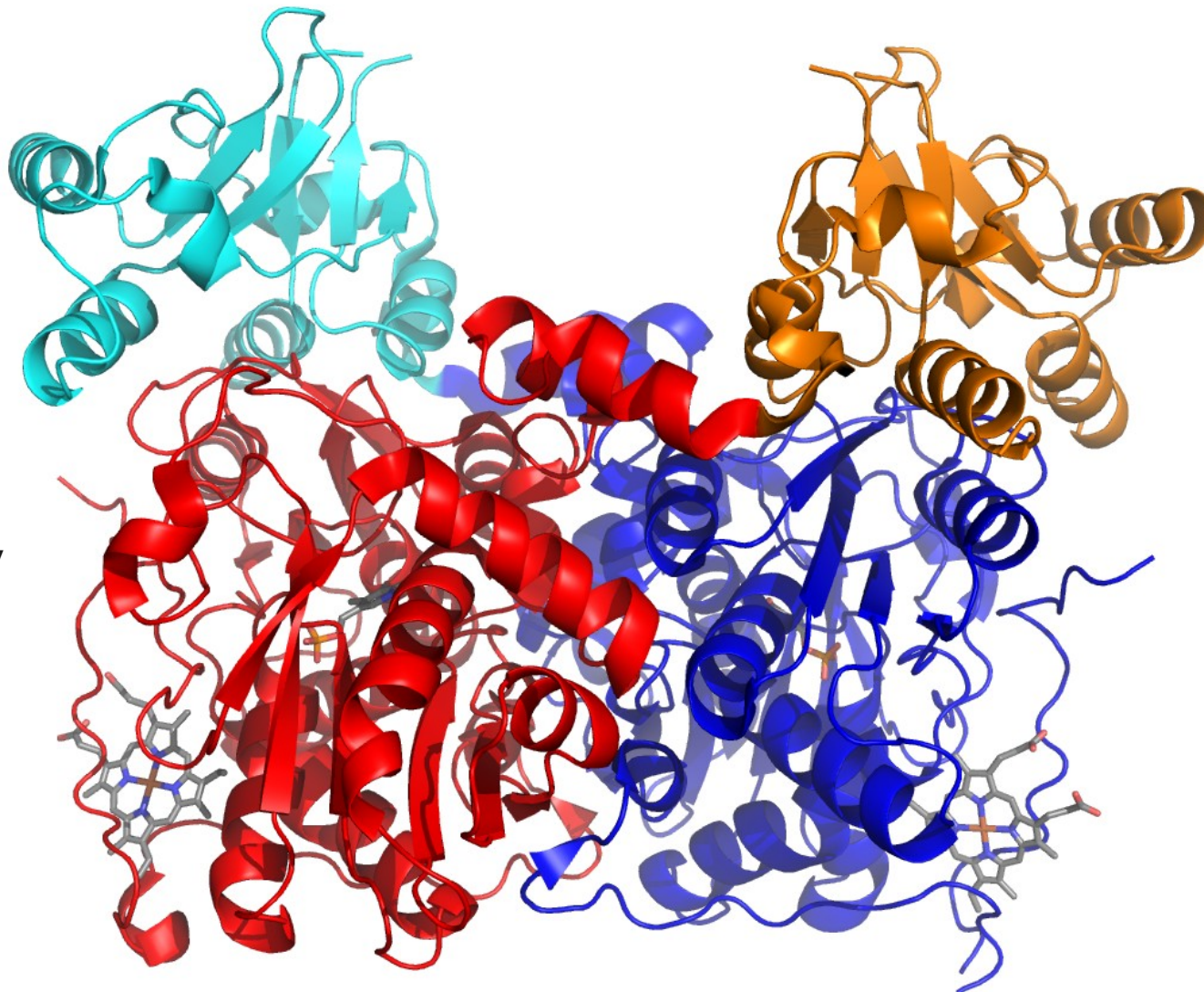
aktivace lidské cystathionin- $\beta$ -synthasy S-adenosylmethioninem



## Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

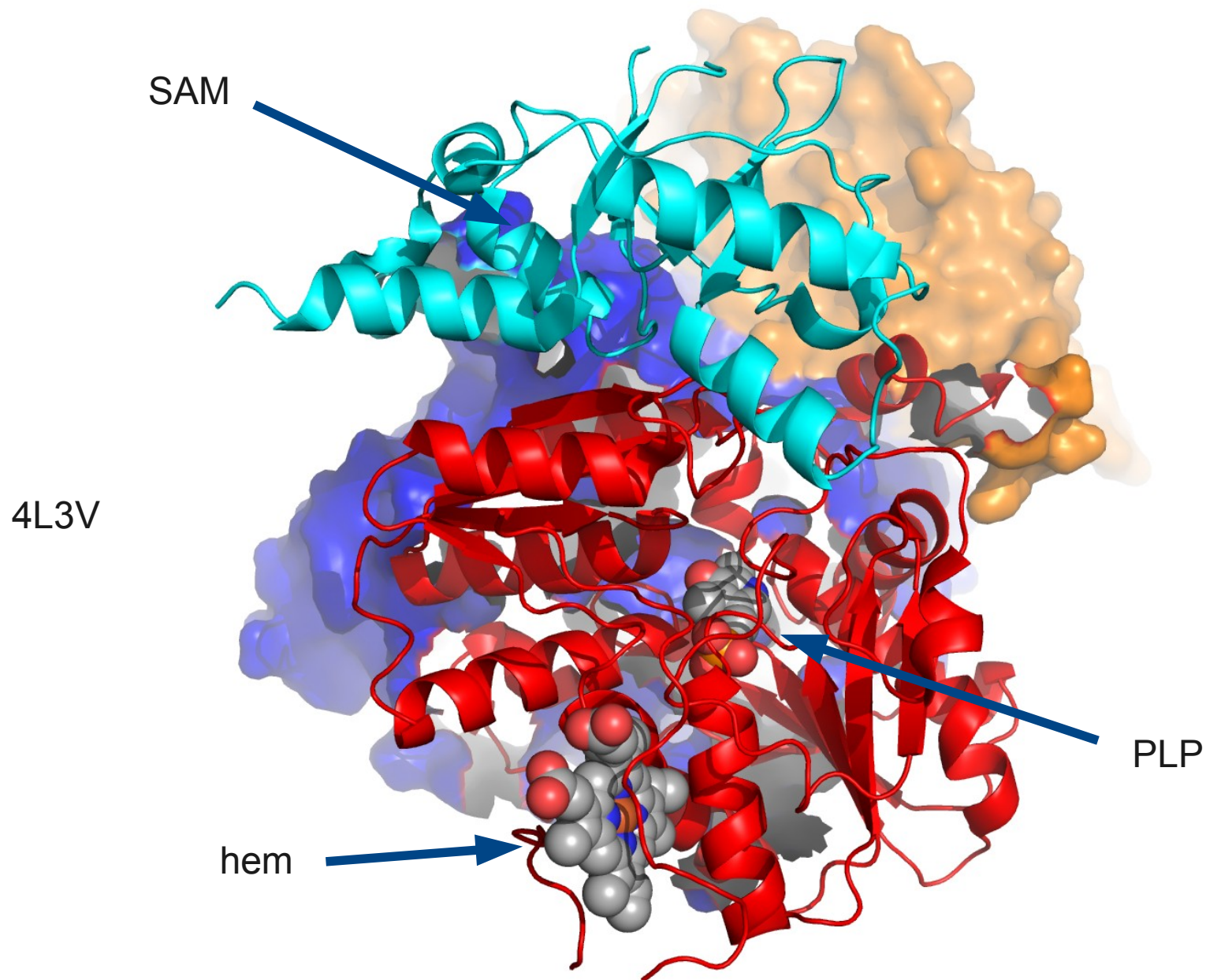
aktivace lidské cystathionin- $\beta$ -synthasy S-adenosylmethioninem

4L3V



## Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

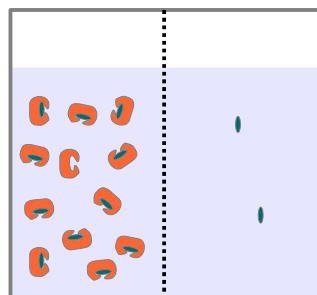
aktivace lidské cystathionin- $\beta$ -synthasy S-adenosylmethioninem



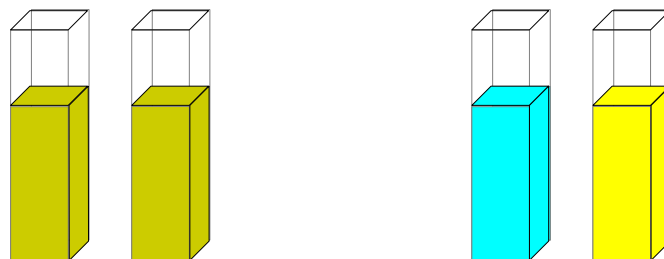
## Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

Studium interakcí protein-ligand:

- přímé měření, radiometrické stanovení, afinitní chromatografie
- NMR
- rovnovážná dialýza



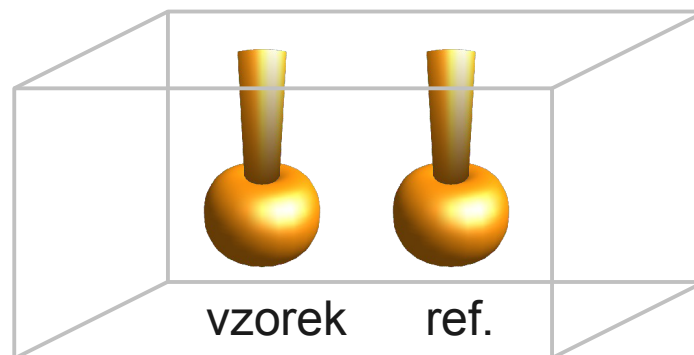
- diferenční spektrofotometrie/spektrofluorimetrie



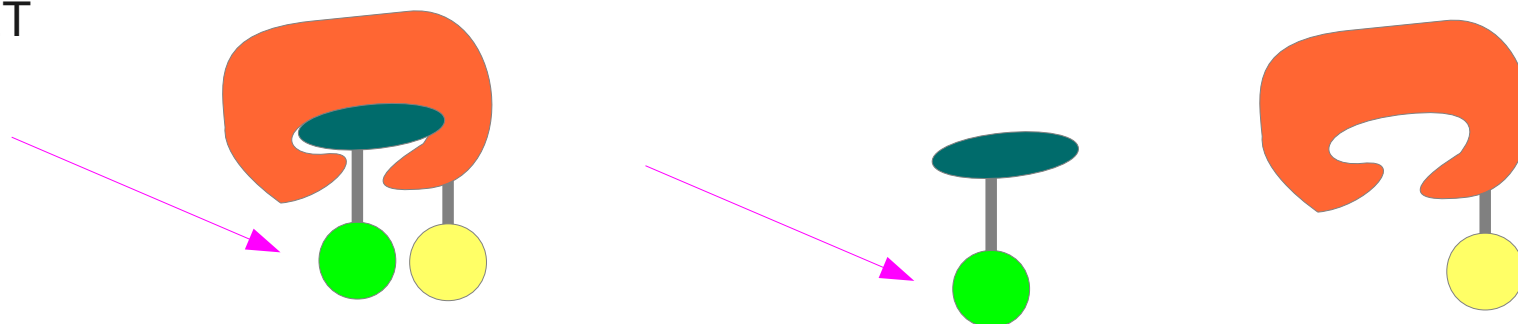
## Aktivace/inhibice nízkomolekulárními ligandy:

Studium interakcí protein-ligand:

- isotermální titrační kalorimetrie



- FRET



- jiné metody založené na fluorescenci

- biologická odezva, reportérové systémy

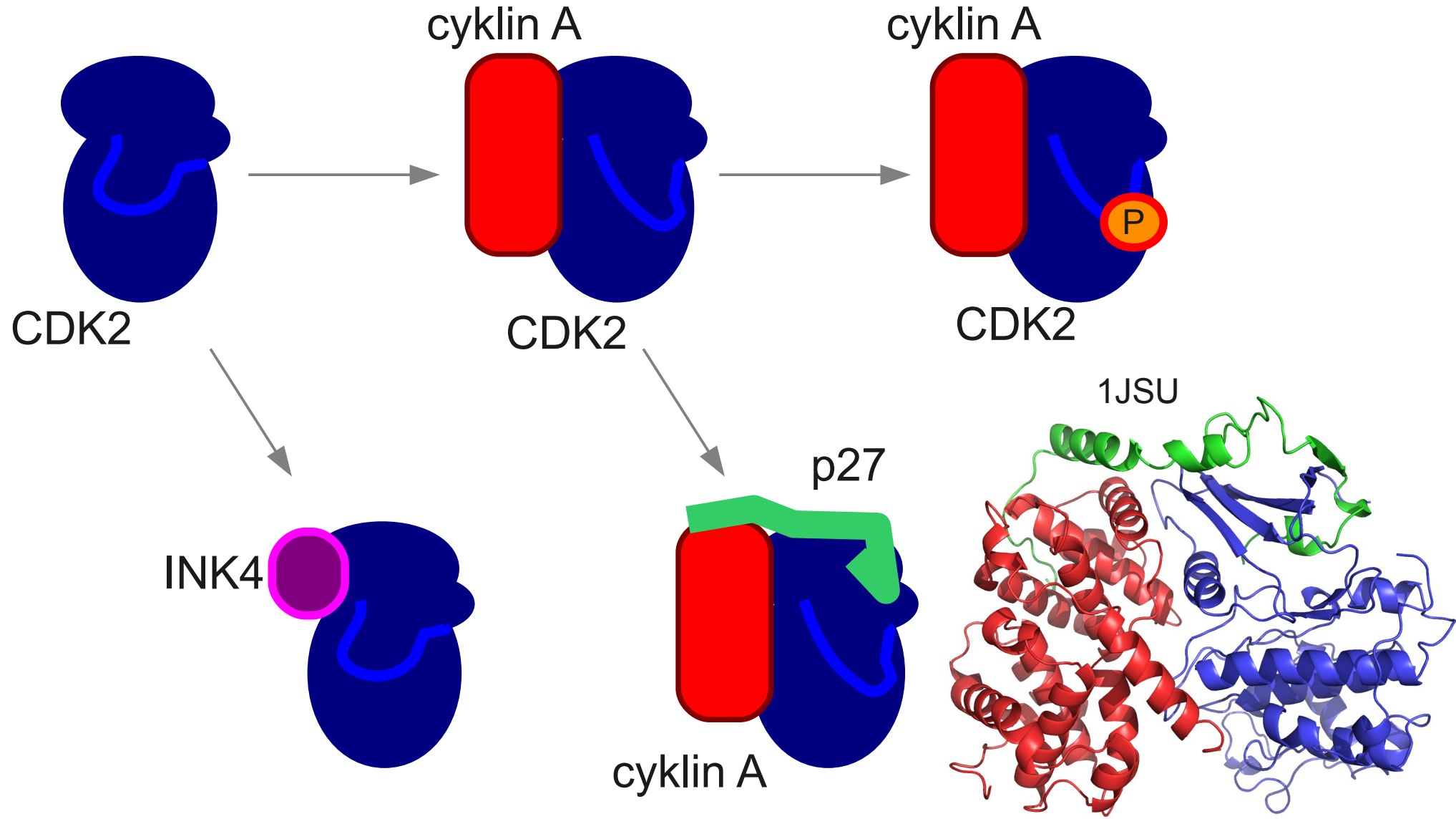
- měření inhibiční konstanty

- protein-ligand docking



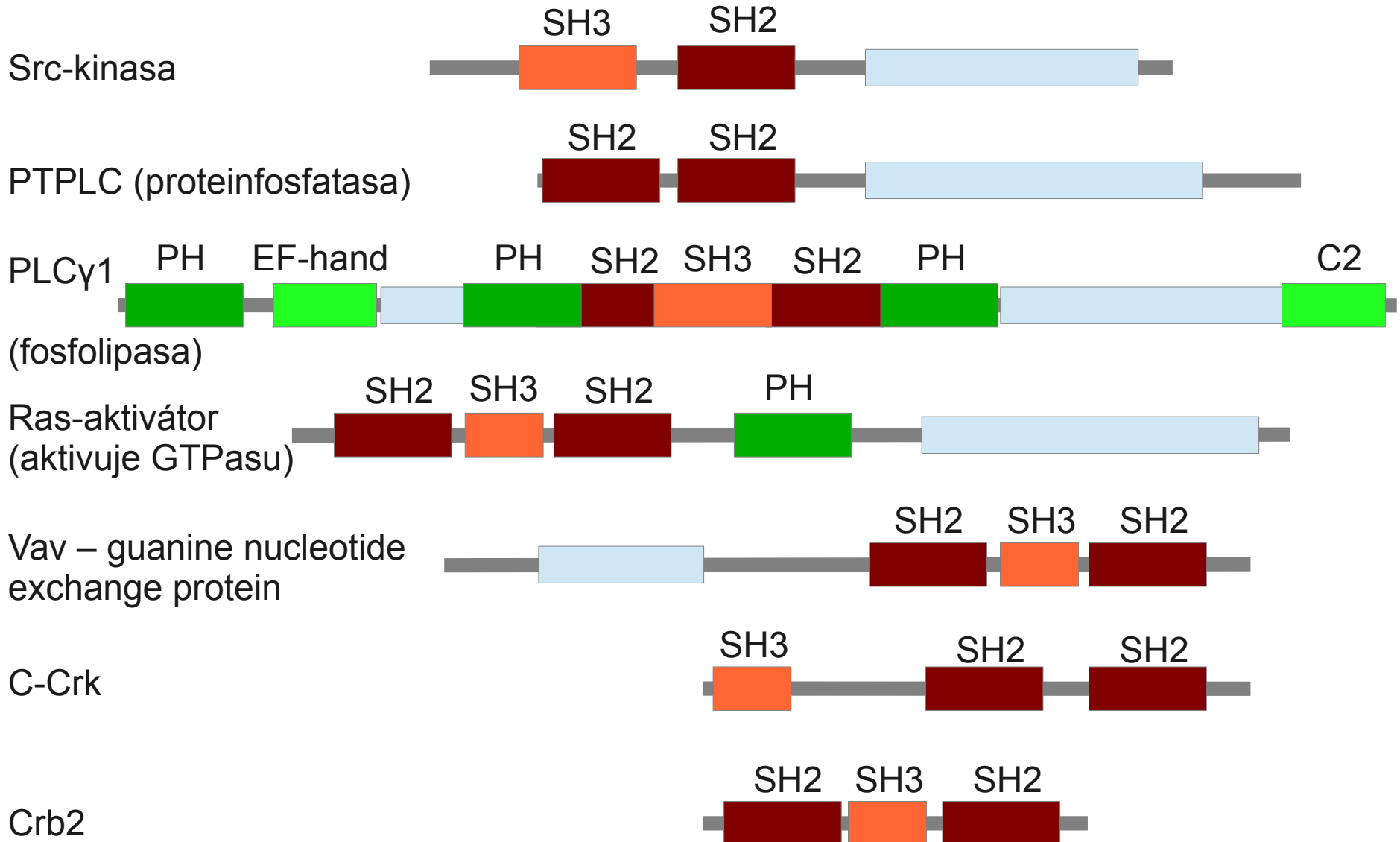
# Aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárnými interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace

Cyklin-dependentní kinasy



# Aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárnými interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace

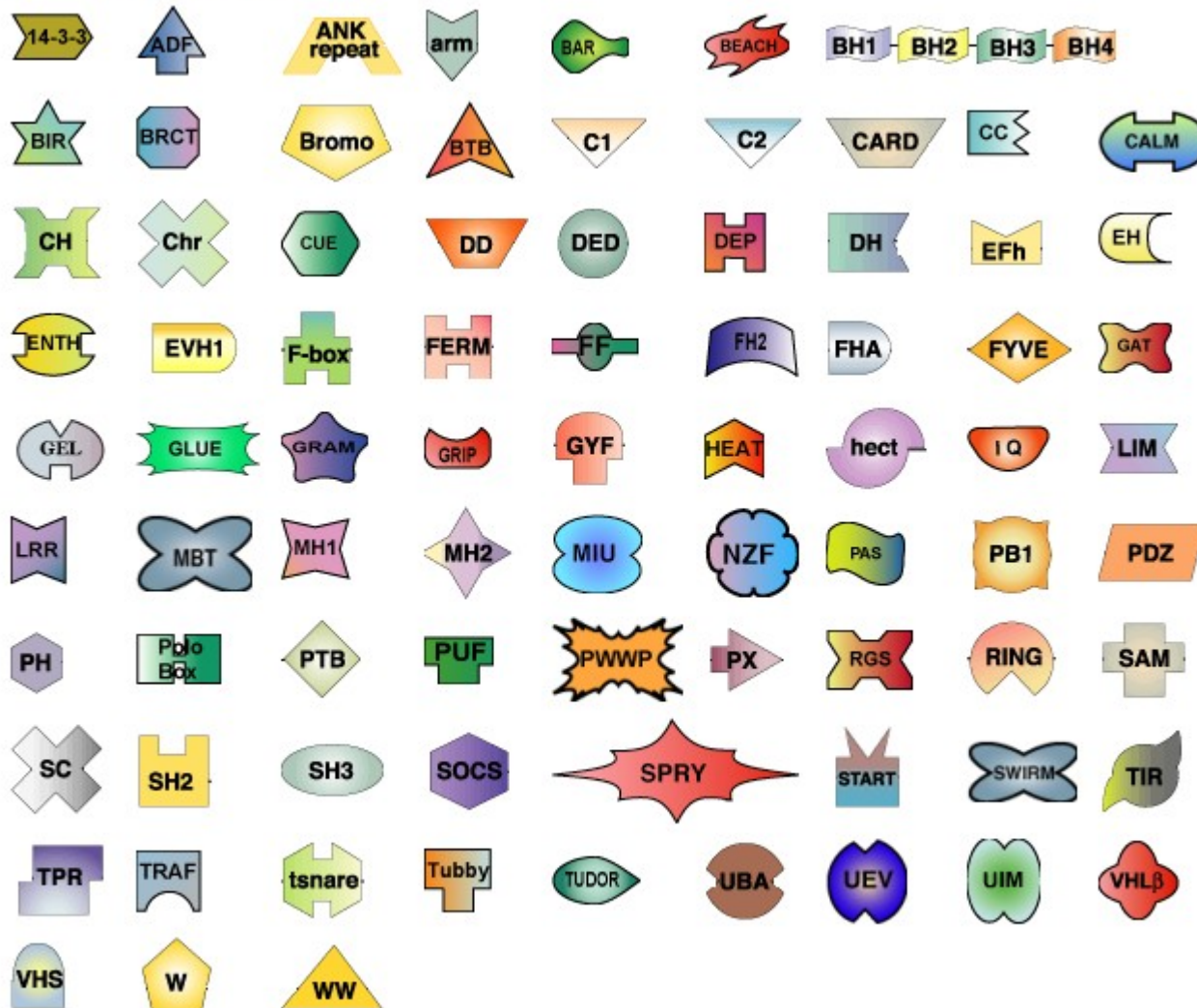
Adaptérové domény



# Aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárními interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace

Adaptérové domény - <http://pawsonlab.mshri.on.ca>

## Protein Interaction Domains



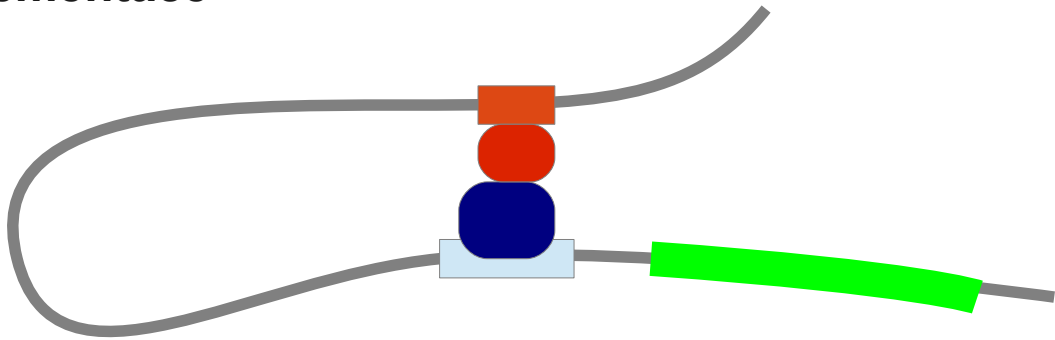
## Aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárními interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace

### Adaptérové domény

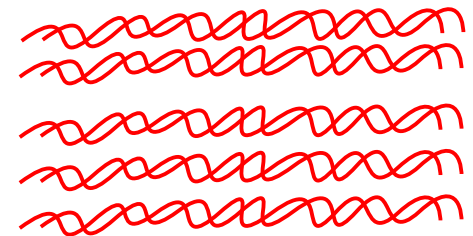
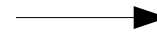
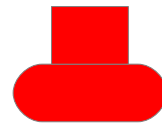
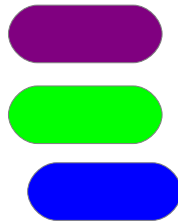
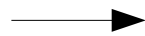
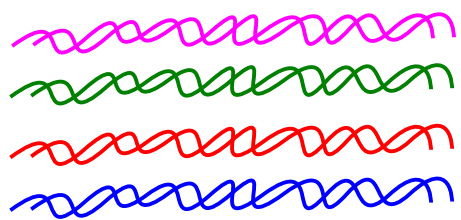
- SH2 doména (Src-homology type 2)  
proteinkinasy, proteinfosfatasy, fosfolipasy, regulační proteiny atd.  
-pY-x-x-Φ-
- SH3 doména (Src-homology type 3)  
proteinkinasy, proteinfosfatasy, fosfolipasy, regulační proteiny, myosin, spektrin atd.  
-R/K-x-x-P-x-x-P-  
-x-P-x-x-P-x-R/K-
- PH doména (Pleckstrin-homology)  
fosfolipasy, proteinkinasy atd.  
Inositolfosfáty (PIP2, PIP3)
- EH2 doména (Eps15-homology type 2)  
clathrin adapter proteins  
-S/T-N-P-F-Φ-
- PDZ doména (nesmyslná zkratka)  
C-terminální peptidy

# Aktivace/inhibice inter- a intramolekulárními interakcemi protein-protein, komplementace

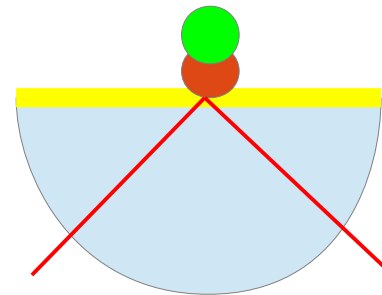
Studium interakcí protein-protein:  
- dvouhybridní systémy



- fágový display



- povrchová plasmonová resonance



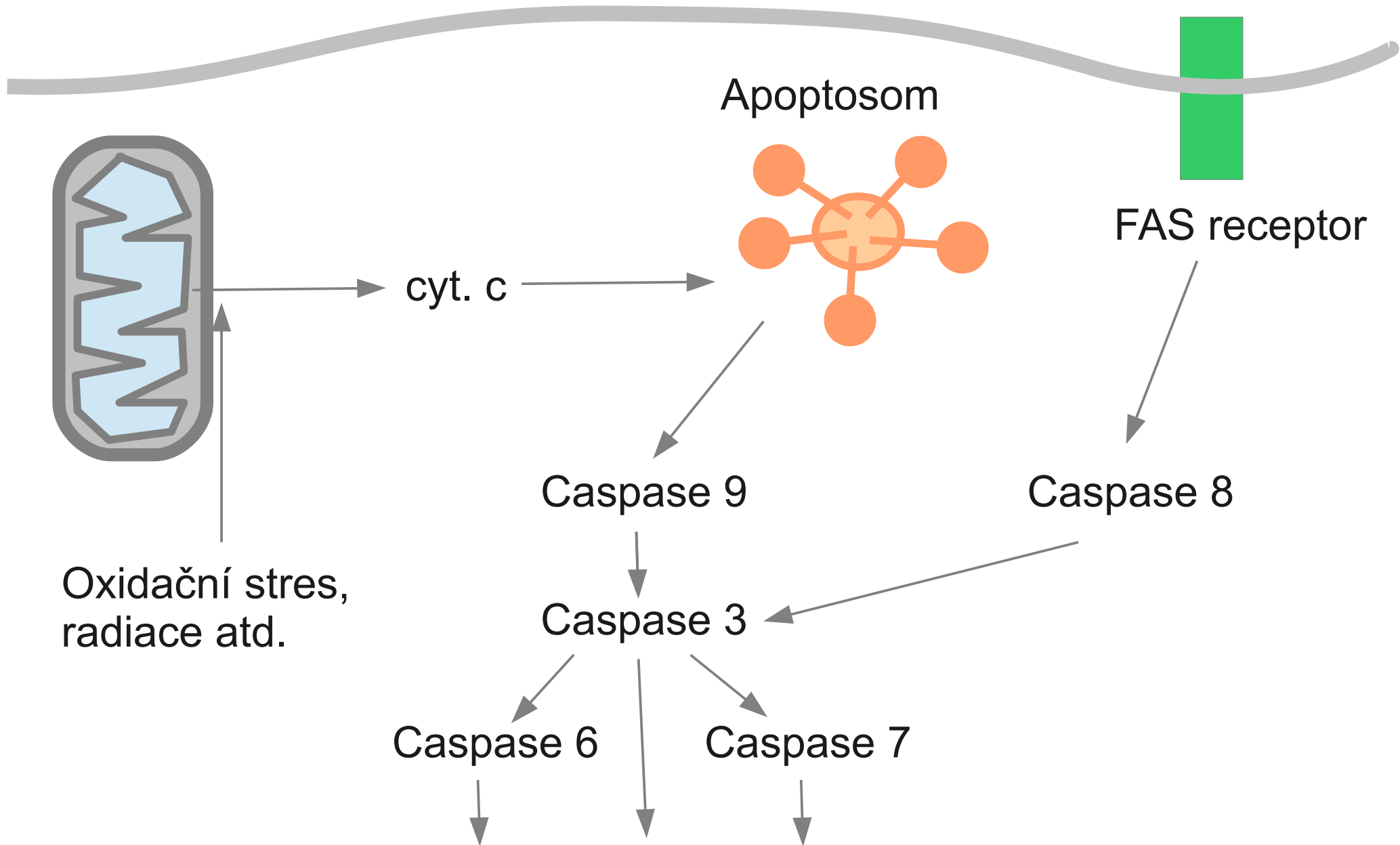
- FRET

- afinitní chromatografie, pull-down

- mikroskopie atomárních sil

# Limitovaná proteolýza

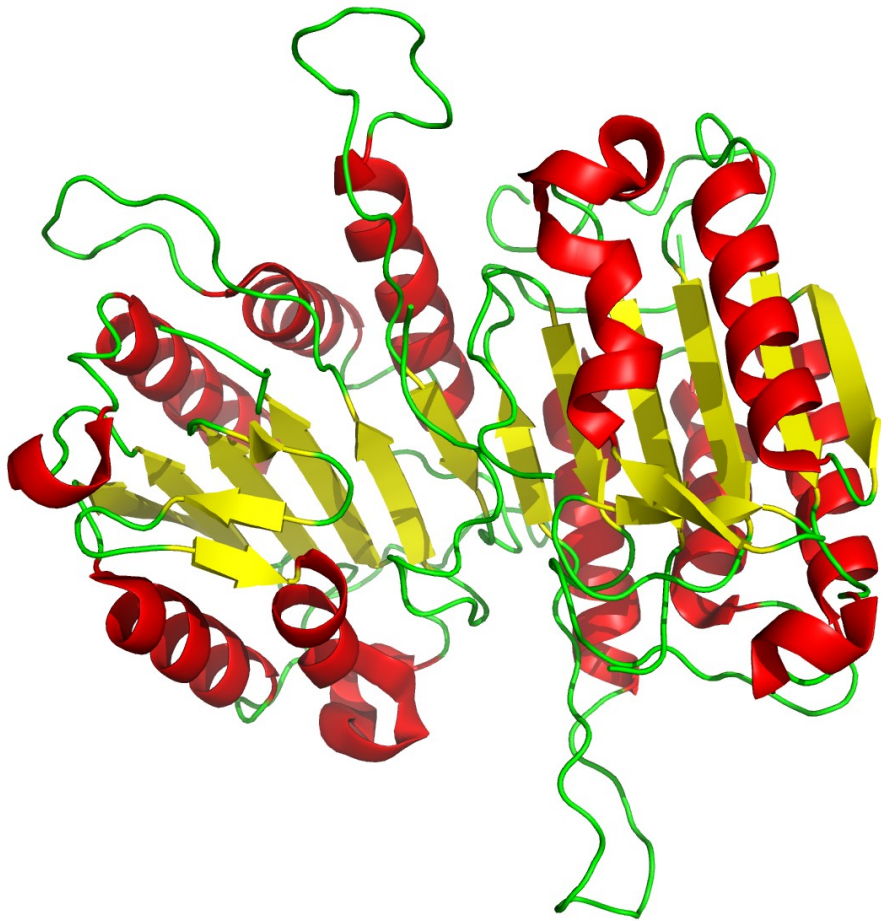
Apoptosa – caspasy - cysteine-dependent aspartate-directed proteases



## Limitovaná proteolýza

Apoptosa – caspasy - cysteine-dependent aspartate-directed proteases

Caspasa 7 – inaktivní  
1K88



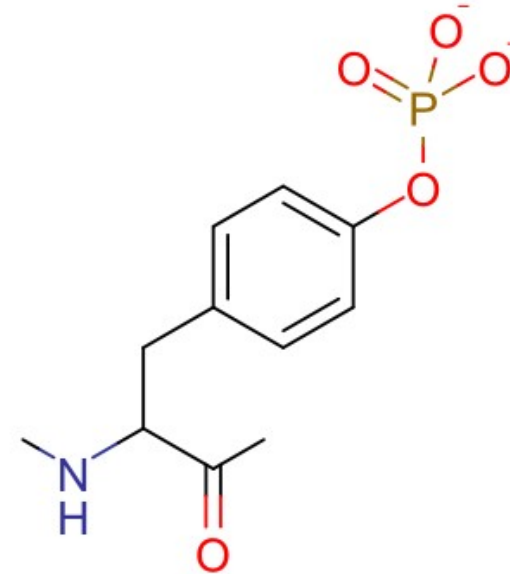
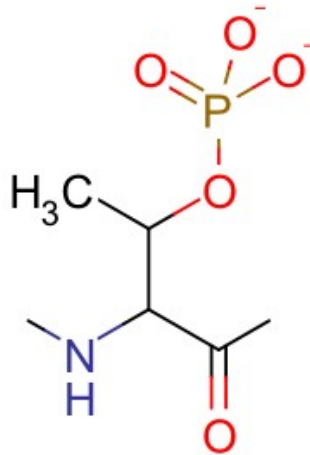
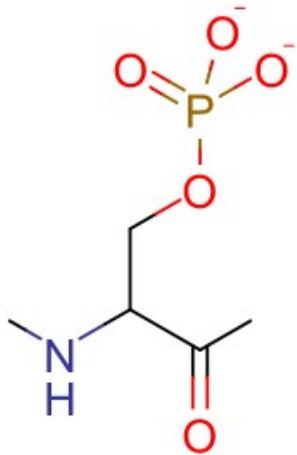
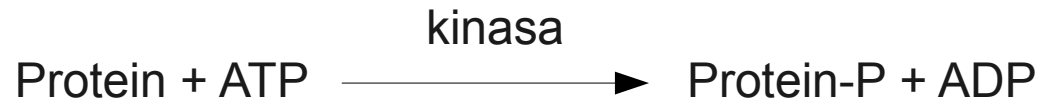
aktivní  
1F1J





# Kovalentní modifikace

## Fosforylace



- ADP-ribosylace, adenylace, methylace, acylace ...



## Kovalentní modifikace

Fosforylace

Lidský genom – 518 genů proteinkinasy (kinom)

### Serin/threoninkinasy

Proteinkinasa A

cAMP

Proteinkinasa C

DAG, Ca<sup>2+</sup>

Mitogen-activated protein kinases (MAPKs)

jiné kinasy

Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases (CaM kinases)

komplex Ca<sup>2+</sup>-calmodulin

fosforylasakinas

PKA, fosfatasa

proteinkinasa B (AKT)

fosfolipidy, jiné PK, ...

### Tyrosinkinasy

Platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR)

PDGF

Epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR)

EGF

Insulinový receptor

insulin

Insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor (IGF1R)

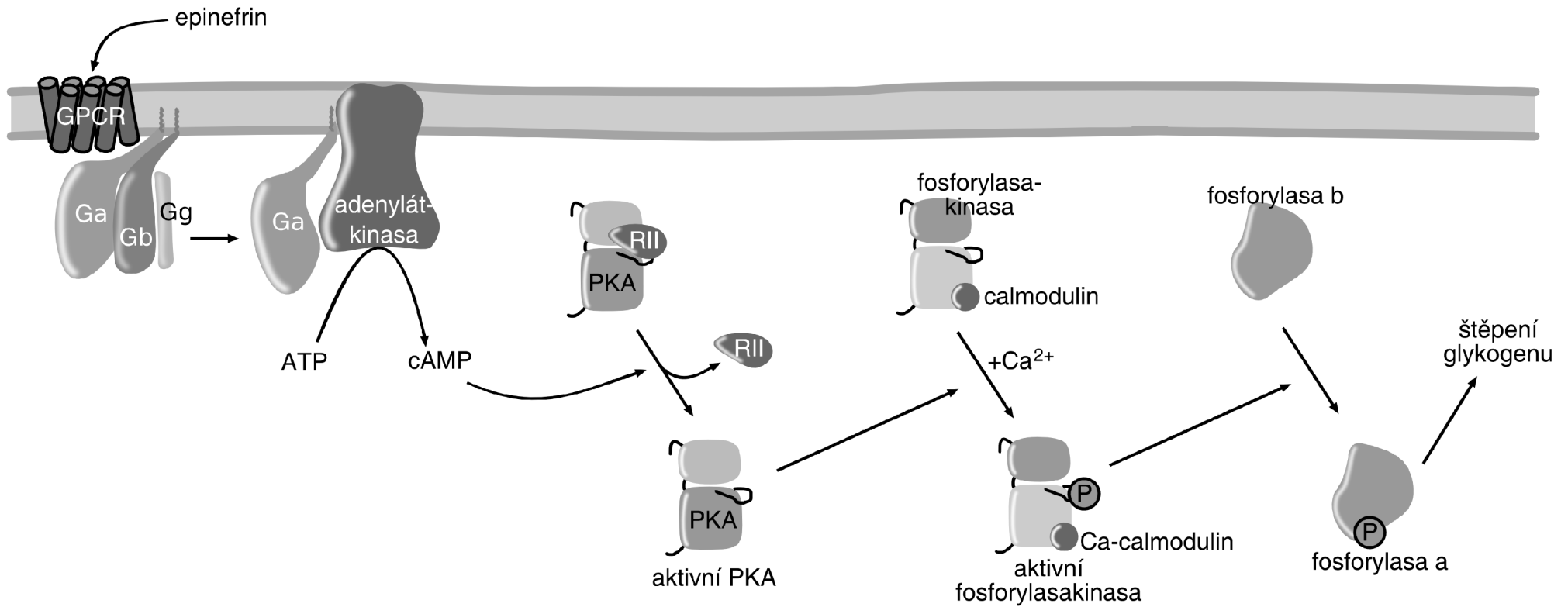
IGF1

Src, Abl, JAK, Lck, Lyn ...

různé způsoby regulace

# Kovalentní modifikace

## Fosforylace – regulace metabolismu glykogenu



## Kovalentní modifikace

Fosforylace – metody studia

- anti-p-Ser, anti-p-Thr, anti-p-Tyr, další protilátky

-  $^{32}\text{P}$

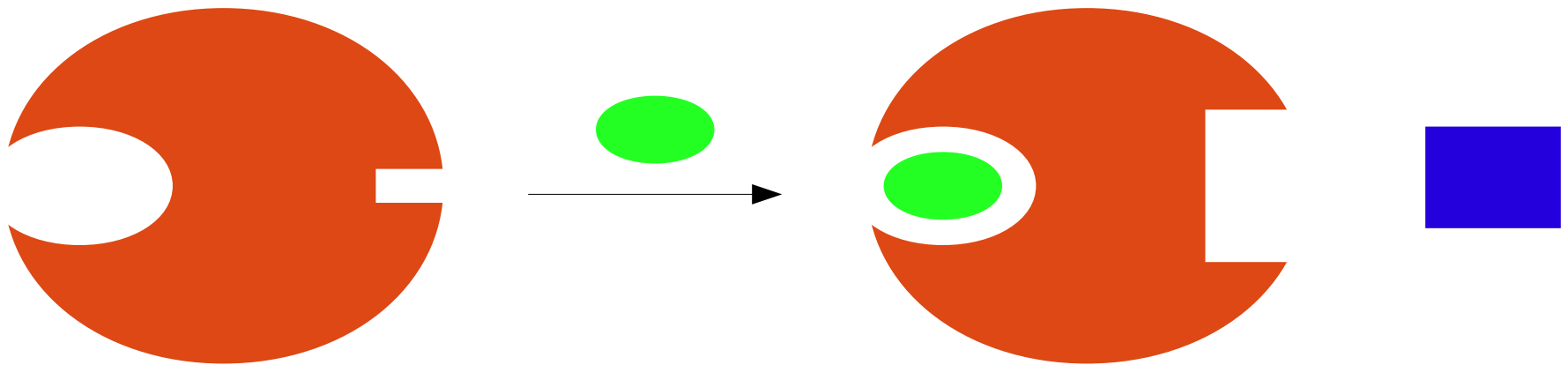
- hmotnostní spektrometrie

- metalo-afinitní chromatografie

## Allosterický jev

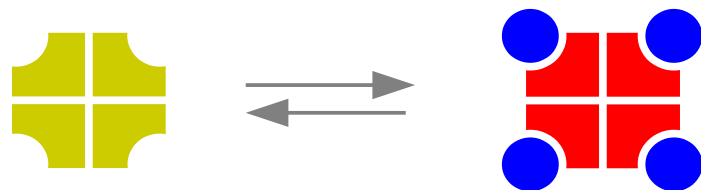
- homo- / heterotropní

- pozitivní / negativní



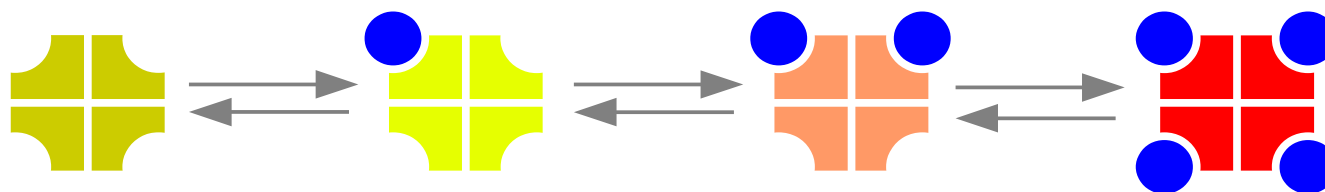
# Allosterický jev

Hillův model

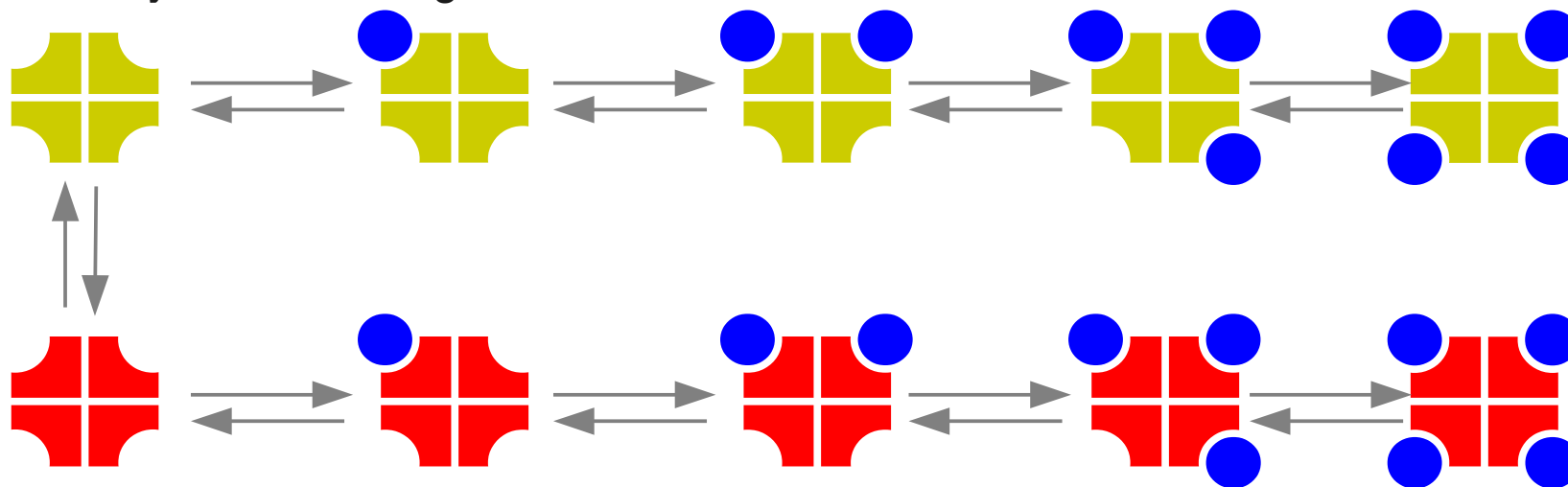


$$S = \frac{[A]^k}{[A]^k + K_S}$$

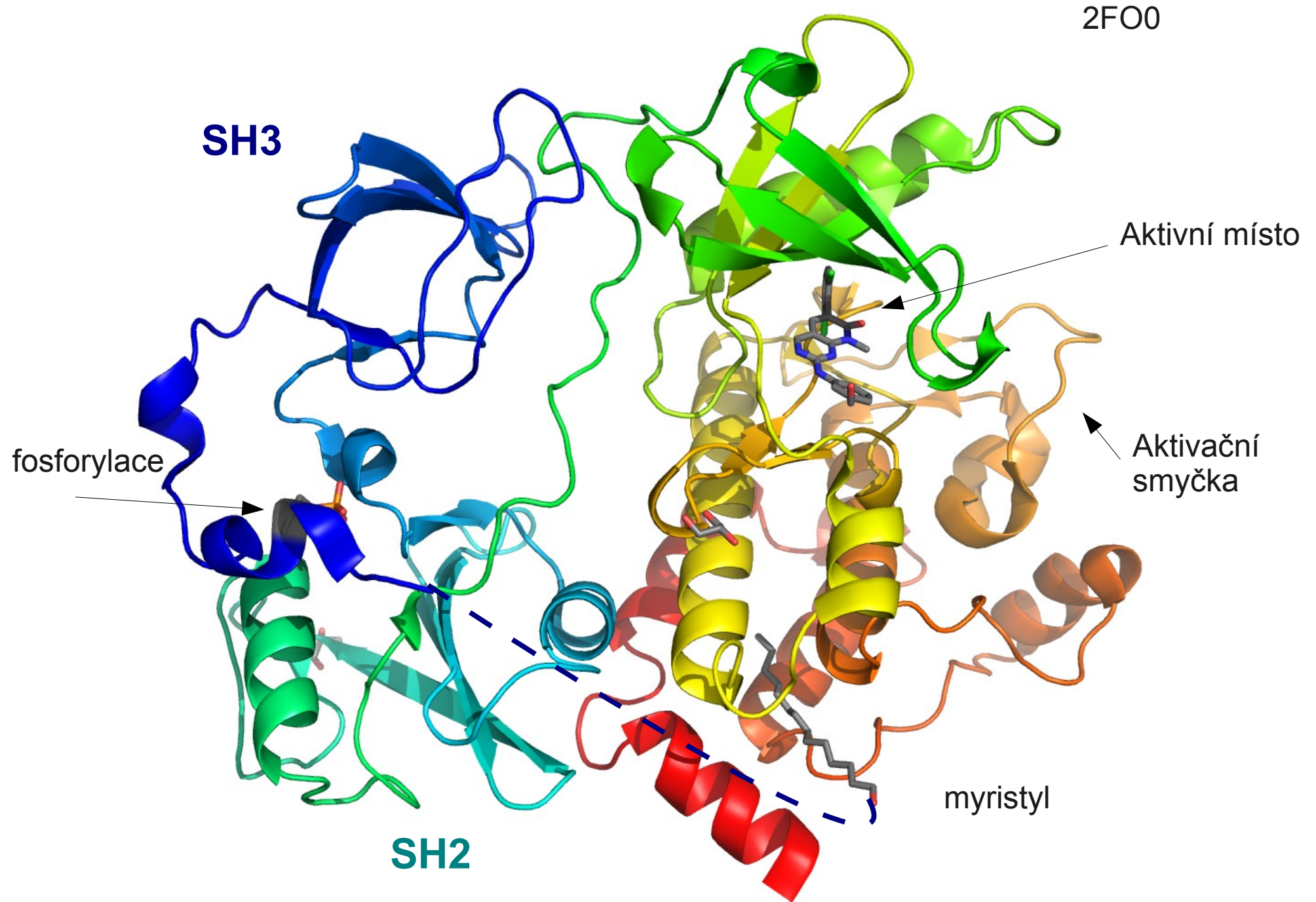
Aldairův model



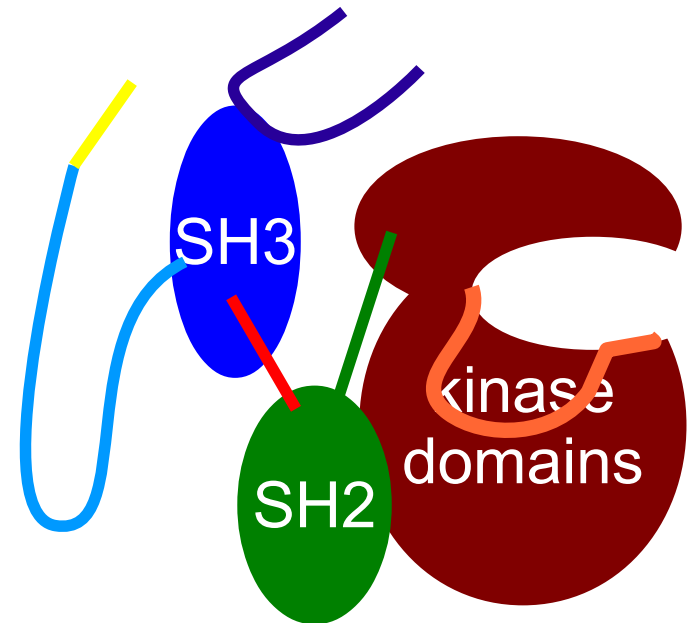
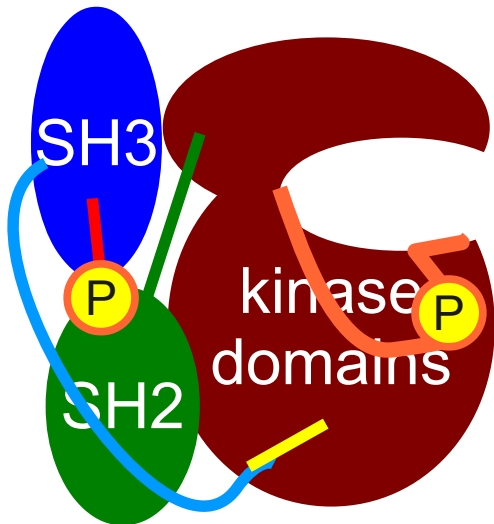
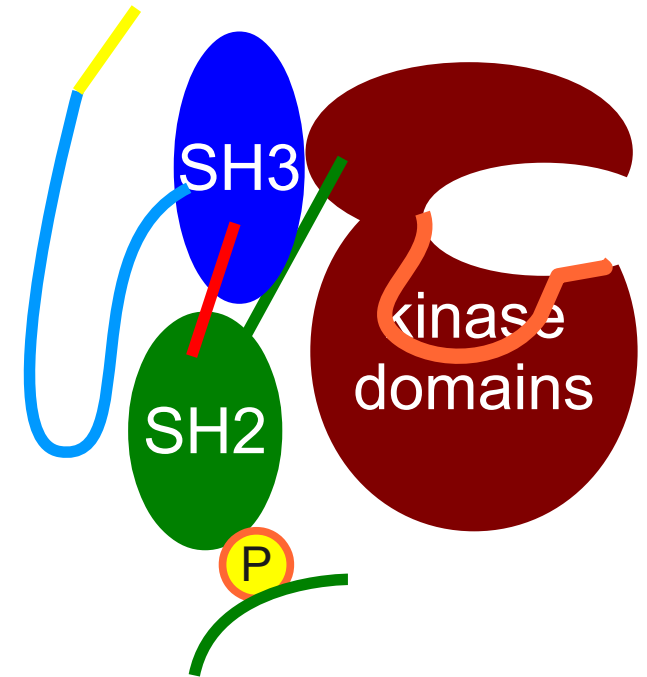
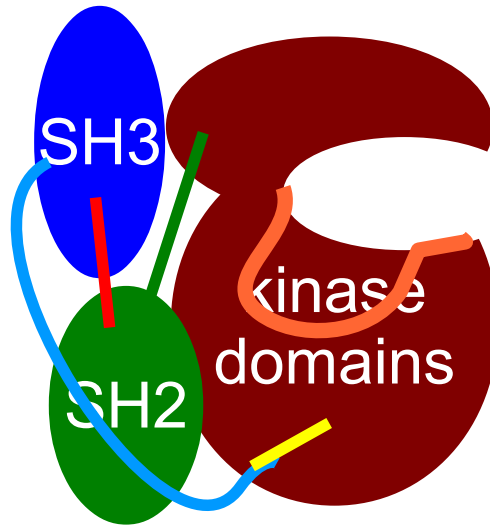
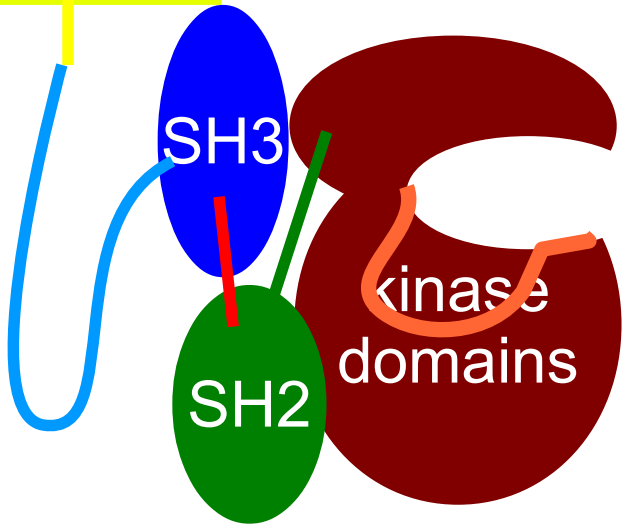
Koshlandův-Némethyho-Filmerův model  
Monodův-Wymanův-Changeuxův model



# Vše v jednom – Abl-kinasa



# Vše v jednom – Abl-kinasa



# Vše v jednom – Abl-kinasa

Chromosom

22



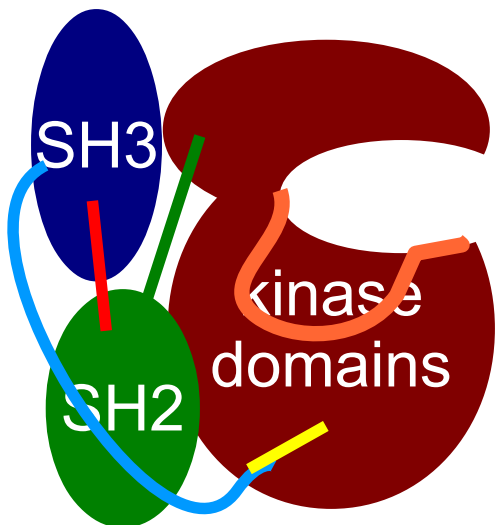
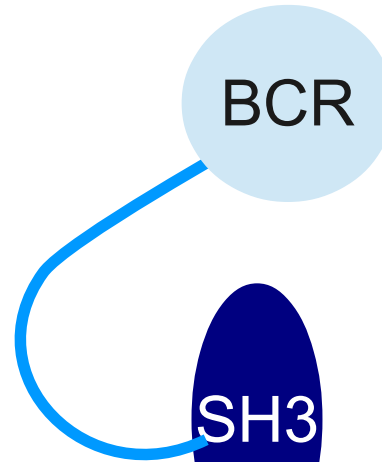
9



Philadelphia



BCR



BCR

SH3

P

SH2

kinase domains

P

